



Computer Science S-75

Building Dynamic Websites

Harvard Summer School
<https://www.cs75.net/>

Lecture 3: MVC, XML

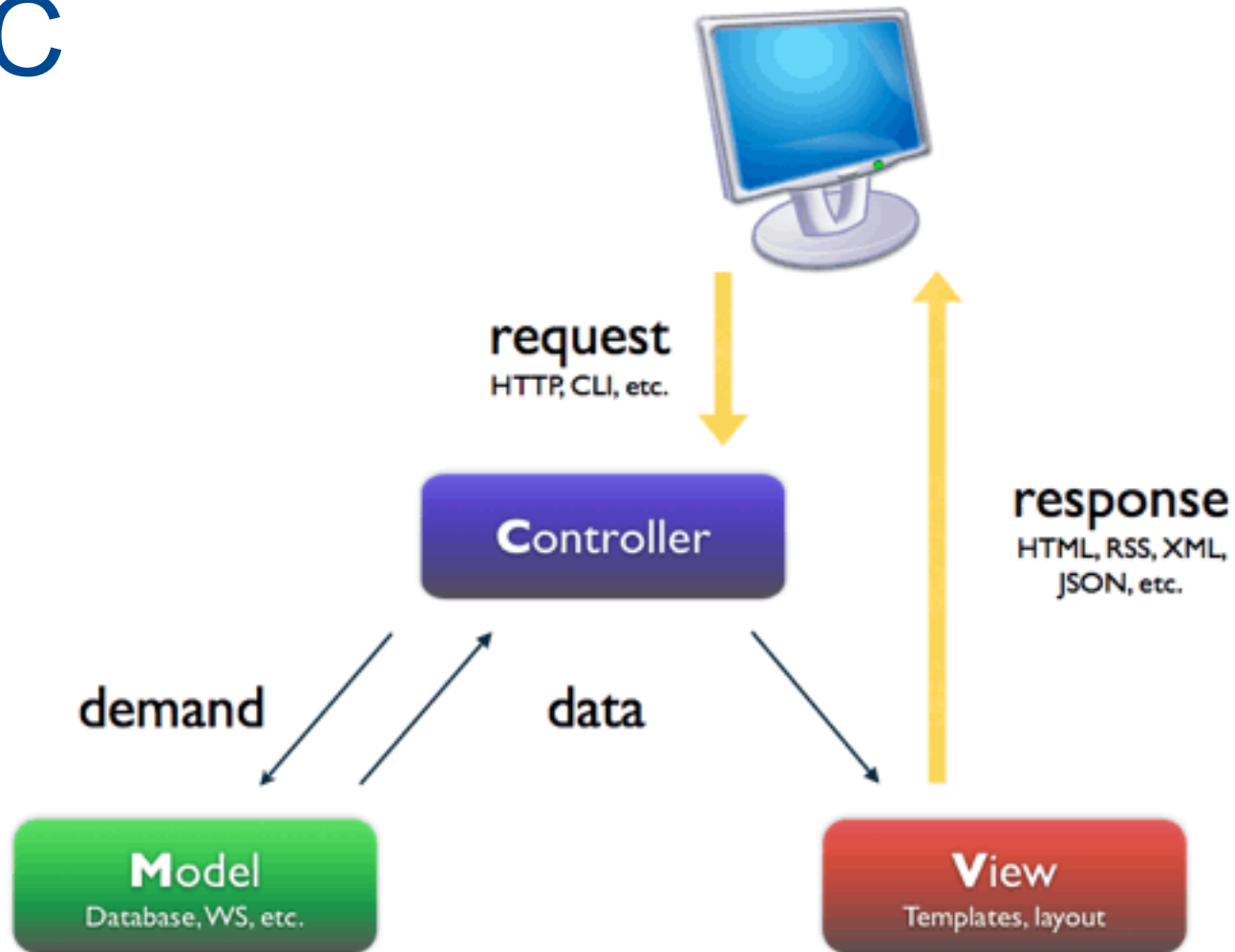
David J. Malan
malan@harvard.edu



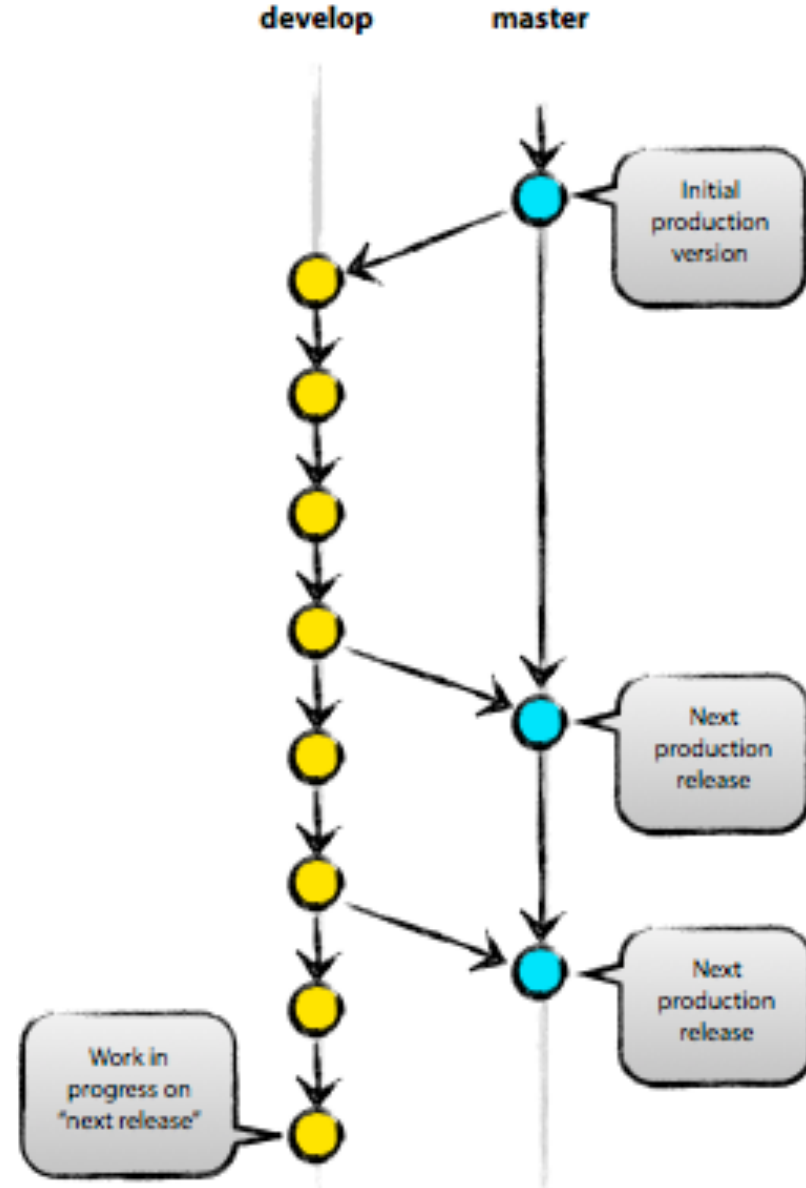
CS50 Appliance

<https://manual.cs50.net/Appliance>

MVC



Source Control



git

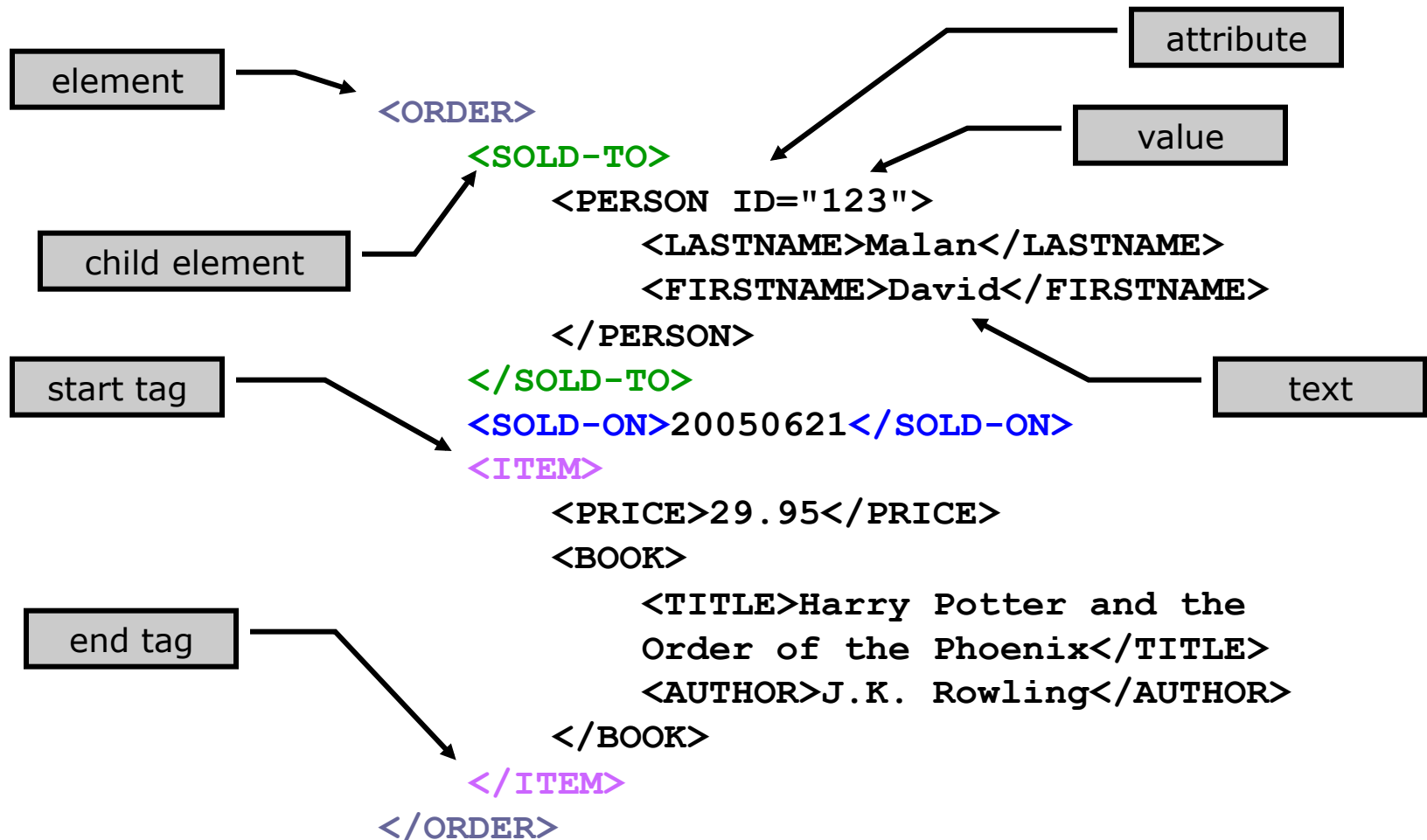
- git clone
- ...
- git init
- git add --all
- git commit
- git push
- ...
- git pull
- ...
- git branch
- ...

Source Control



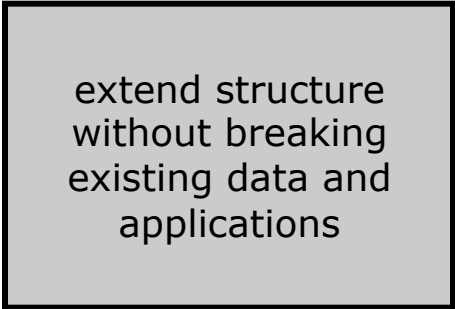
Atlassian
bitbucket

XML



Extensibility

```
<ORDER>
  <SOLD-TO>
    <PERSON ID="123">
      <LASTNAME>Malan</LASTNAME>
      <FIRSTNAME>David</FIRSTNAME>
      <INITIAL>J</INITIAL>
      <ADDRESS>
        <STREET>Oxford Street</STREET>
        <NUMBER>33</NUMBER>
        <CITY>Cambridge</CITY>
        <STATE>MA</STATE>
      </ADDRESS>
    </PERSON>
  </SOLD-TO>
  <SOLD-ON>20050621</SOLD-ON>
  <ITEM>
    ...
  </ITEM>
</ORDER>
```



extend structure
without breaking
existing data and
applications

<students/>

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<!-- This is an XML document that describes students -->
<students>
  <student id="0001">
    <name>Jim Bob</name>
    <status>graduate</status>
    <dorm/>
    <major>Computer Science & Music</major>
    <description>
      <![CDATA[ <h1>Jim Bob!</h1>
        Hi my name is jim. I look like
         ]]>
    </description>
  </student>
  <student id="0002">
    ...
  </student>
</students>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

XML Declaration

- Optional
- Must appear at the very top of an XML document
- Used to indicate the version of the specification to which the document conforms (and whether the document is “standalone”)
- Used to indicate the character encoding of the document
 - UTF-8
 - UTF-16
 - iso-8859-1
 - ...

```
<name>Jim Bob</name>
```

Elements

- Main structure in an XML document
- Only one root element allowed
- Start Tag
 - Allows specification of zero or more attributes
`<student id="0001" ...>`
- End Tag
 - Must match name, case, and nesting level of start tag
`</student>`
- Name must start with letter or underscore and can contain only letters, numbers, hyphens, periods, and underscores

Content Models

- Element Content

```
<student>  
  <status>...</status>  
</student>
```

- Parsed Character Data (aka PCDATA, aka Text)

```
<name>Jim Bob</name>
```

- Mixed Content

```
<name>Jim <initial>J</initial> Bob</name>
```

- No Content

```
<dorm/>
```

```
<student id="0001">
```

Attributes

- Name
 - Must start with letter or underscore and can contain only letters, numbers, hyphens, periods, and underscores
- Value
 - Can be of several types, but is almost always a string
 - Must be quoted
 - `title="Lecture 2"`
 - `match='item="baseball bat"'`
 - Cannot contain `<` or `&` (by itself)



Jim Bob

PCDATA

- Text that appears as the content of an element
- Can reference entities
- Cannot contain < or & (by itself)




Entities

- Used to “escape” content or include content that is hard to enter or repeated frequently
 - Somewhat like macros
- Five pre-defined entities
 - `&`; `<`; `>`; `'`; `"`;
- Character entities can refer to a single character by unicode number
 - e.g., `©` is ©
- Must be declared to be legal
 - `<!ENTITY nbsp " ">`
- Cannot refer to themselves

CDATA

```
<![CDATA[ <h1>Jim Bob!</h1> ... ]]>
```

- Parsed in “one chunk” by the XML parser
- Data within is not checked for subelements, entities, *etc.*
- Allows you to include badly formed markup or character data that would cause a problem during parsing
- Example
 - Including HTML tags in an XML document



```
<!-- This is ... -->
```

Comments

- Can include any text inside a comment to make it easier for human readers to understand your document
- Generally not available to applications reading the document
- Always begin with `<!--` and end with `-->`
- Cannot contain `--`



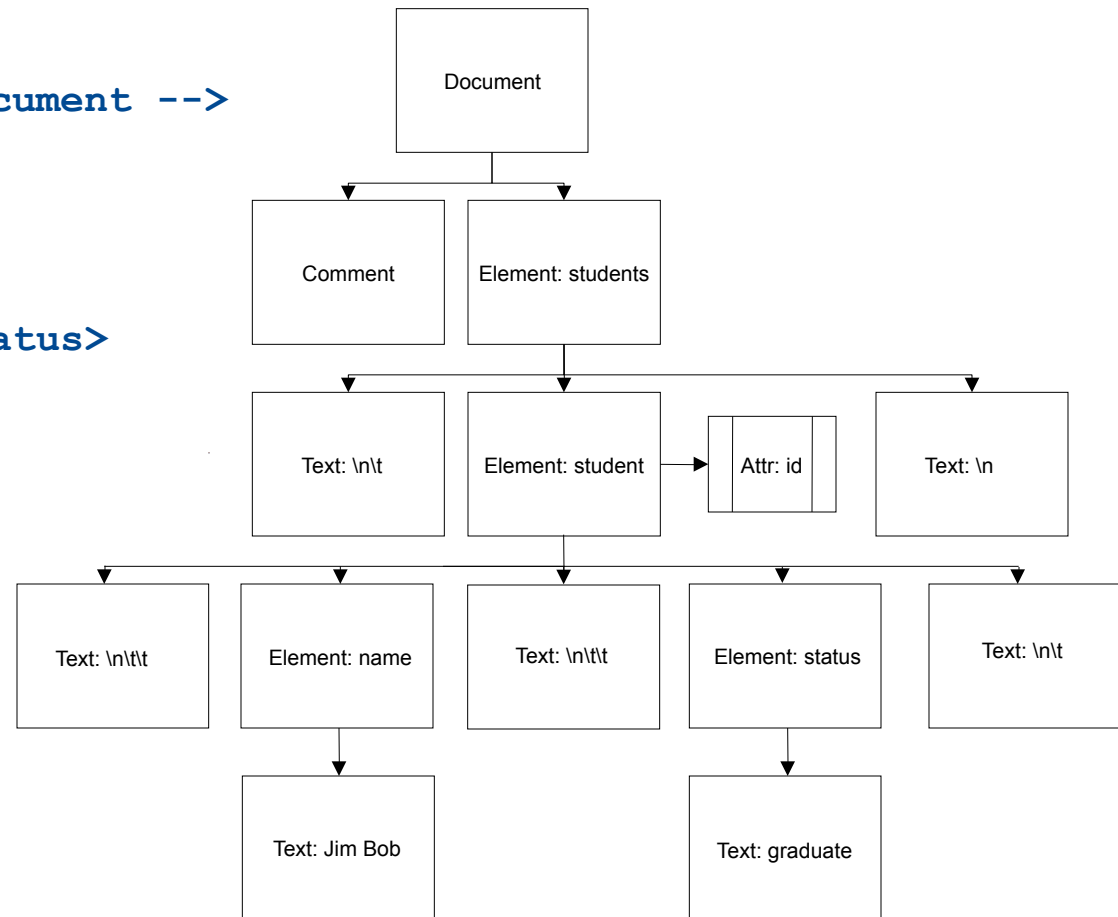
SimpleXML

`http://us2.php.net/simplexml`

DOM

```
<!-- smaller, simpler document -->
```

```
<students>  
  <student id="1">  
    <name>Jim Bob</name>  
    <status>graduate</status>  
  </student>  
</students>
```



RSS

<http://cyber.law.harvard.edu/rss/rss.html>



RSS

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<rss version="2.0">
  <channel>
    <title></title>
    <description></description>
    <link></link>
    <item>
      <guid></guid>
      <title></title>
      <link></link>
      <description></description>
      <category></category>
      <pubDate></pubDate>
    </item>
    [...]
  </channel>
</rss>
```

XPath

`/child::lectures/child::lecture[@number='0']`

The diagram illustrates the components of the XPath expression `/child::lectures/child::lecture[@number='0']`. Brackets are used to group parts of the expression as follows:

- A bracket under `/child::lectures` is labeled **step**.
- A bracket under `/` is labeled **axis**.
- A bracket under `child::lecture` is labeled **node test**.
- A bracket under `[@number='0']` is labeled **predicate**.
- A large bracket under the entire expression `/child::lectures/child::lecture[@number='0']` is labeled **location path**.

PizzaML



Image from junkfoodnews.net.



Computer Science S-75

Building Dynamic Websites

Harvard Summer School
<https://www.cs75.net/>

Lecture 3: MVC, XML

David J. Malan
malan@harvard.edu